

Correction

Correction: The role of renal dipeptidyl peptidase-4 in kidney disease: renal effects of dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitors with a focus on linagliptin

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The published article contains several errors introduced during the production process.

1. In the penultimate sentence of the Introduction, the web address, ClinicalTrials.gov incorrectly linked to a reference. The correct sentence is presented here:
 Furthermore, linagliptin is the first and so far only DPP-4 inhibitor to be evaluated in a randomized clinical trial designed to robustly assess renal outcomes: the ongoing Cardiovascular and Renal Microvascular Outcome Study with Linagliptin in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus (CARMELINA[®]; ClinicalTrials.gov: NCT01897532).
2. In the captions to Figures 1 and 3, the reference citations attributed to statements of permission to reproduce were incorrect; the correct sources of the figures are presented here.
 - Figure 1 was reproduced from reference [18]: Shi, S., Koya, D. and Kanasaki, K. (2016) Dipeptidyl peptidase-4 and kidney fibrosis in diabetes. *Fibrogenesis Tissue Repair* **9**, 1, <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13069-016-0038-0>
 - Figure 3 was reproduced from reference [107]: Zeisberg, M. and Zeisberg, E.M. (2015) Evidence for antifibrotic incretin-independent effects of the DPP-4 inhibitor linagliptin. *Kidney Int.* **88**, 429–431, <https://doi.org/10.1038/ki.2015.175>

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